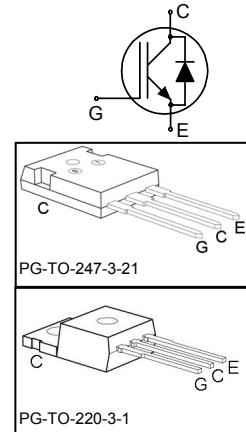


HighSpeed 2-Technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon HE diode

- Designed for:**
 - SMPS
 - Lamp Ballast
 - ZVS-Converter
- 2nd generation HighSpeed-Technology for 1200V applications offers:**
 - loss reduction in resonant circuits
 - temperature stable behavior
 - parallel switching capability
 - tight parameter distribution
 - E_{off} optimized for $I_C = 3A$
- Qualified according to JEDEC² for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	E_{off}	T_j	Marking	Package
IKW03N120H2	1200V	3A	0.15mJ	150°C	K03H1202	PG-T0-247-3-21
IKP03N120H2	1200V	3A	0.15mJ	150°C	K03H1202	PG-T0-220-3-1

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	1200	V
Triangular collector current	I_C		A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, f = 140\text{kHz}$		9.6	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}, f = 140\text{kHz}$		3.9	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	9.9	
Turn off safe operating area	-	9.9	
$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F		
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		9.6	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		3.9	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	62.5	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-40...+150	°C
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

² J-STD-020 and JESD-022

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		2.0	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJCD}		3.2	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	P-TO-220-3-1 P-TO-247-3-21	62	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=300\mu\text{A}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=3\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 10\text{V}, I_C=3\text{A},$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.2	2.8	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0, I_F=2\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.0	2.5	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=90\mu\text{A}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=1200\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	20	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=3\text{A}$	-	2	-	S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25\text{V},$ $V_{GE}=0\text{V},$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	205	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	24	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	7	-	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=960\text{V}, I_C=3\text{A}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	-	22	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	PG-TO-220-3-1 PG-TO-247-3-21	-	7	-	nH
			-	13	-	

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=800\text{V}$, $I_C=3\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G=82\Omega$,	-	9.2	-	ns
Rise time	t_r	$L_\sigma^{(2)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(2)}=40\text{pF}$	-	5.2	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	E_{on}	-	281	-	
Fall time	t_f	E_{off}	-	29	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include “tail” and diode ³⁾ reverse recovery.	-	0.14	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.15	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.29	-	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=3\text{A}$, $R_G=82\Omega$	-	42	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.23	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	10.3	-	A
Diode current slope	di_F/dt		-	993	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	1180	-	

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=800\text{V}$, $I_C=3\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G=82\Omega$,	-	9.4	-	ns
Rise time	t_r	$L_\sigma^{(2)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(2)}=40\text{pF}$	-	6.7	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	E_{on}	-	340	-	
Fall time	t_f	E_{off}	-	63	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include “tail” and diode ³⁾ reverse recovery.	-	0.22	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.26	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.48	-	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=3\text{A}$, $R_G=82\Omega$	-	125	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.51	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	12	-	A
Diode current slope	di_F/dt		-	829	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	540	-	

²⁾ Leakage inductance L_σ and stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in figure E

³⁾ Commutation diode from device IKP03N120H2

Switching Energy ZVT, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	$V_{\text{CC}}=800\text{V}$, $I_{\text{C}}=3\text{A}$, $V_{\text{GE}}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_{\text{G}}=82\Omega$, $C_{\text{r}}^{\text{2)}}=4\text{nF}$ $T_{\text{j}}=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{\text{j}}=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.05	-	mJ
			-	0.09	-	

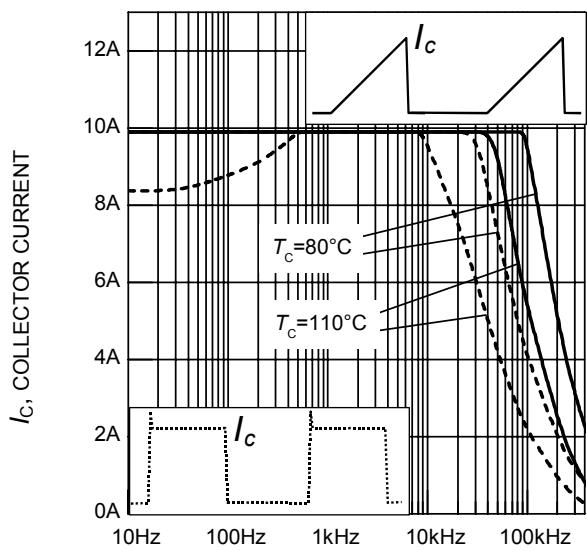


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency

($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 800\text{V}$,
 $V_{\text{GE}} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$)

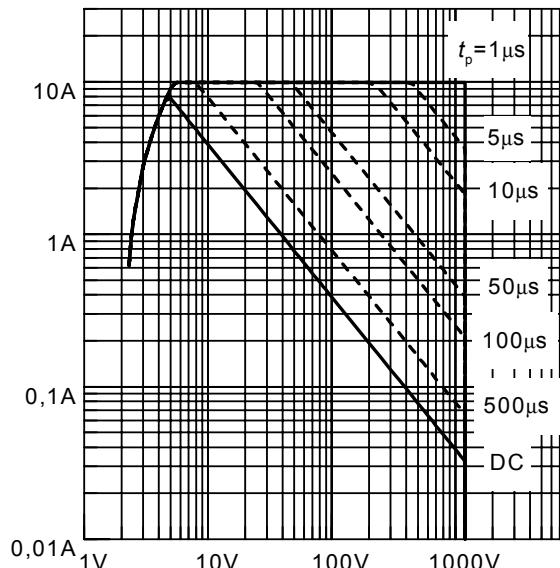


Figure 2. Safe operating area

($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

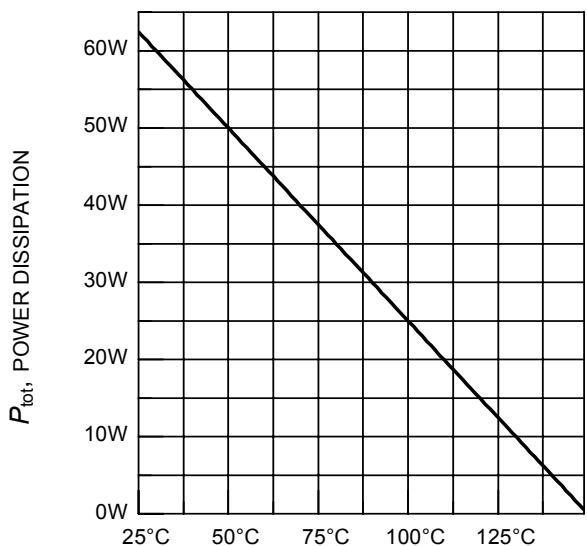


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature

($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

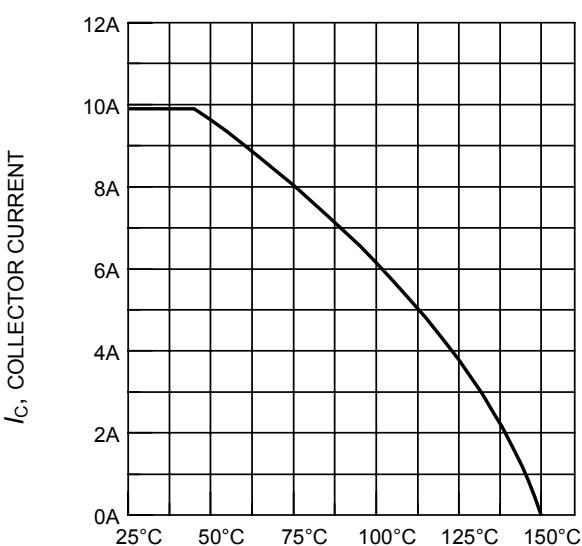
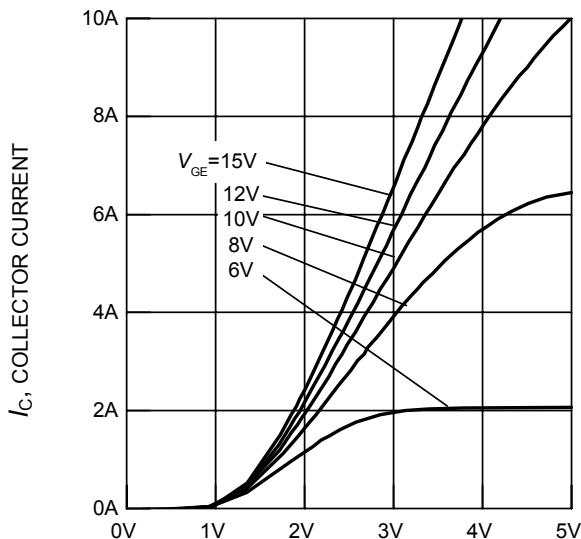
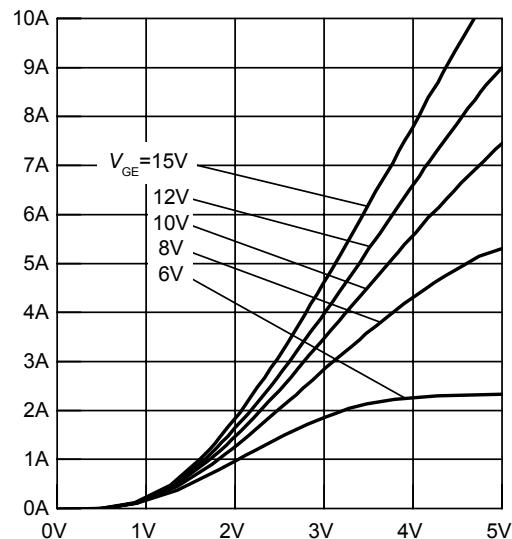


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature

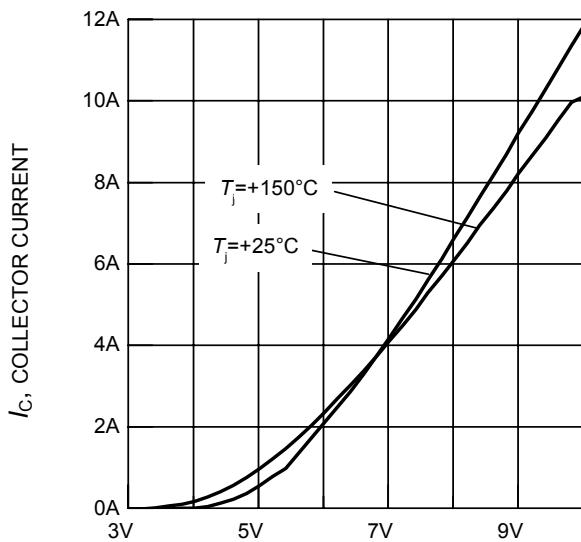
($V_{\text{GE}} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)



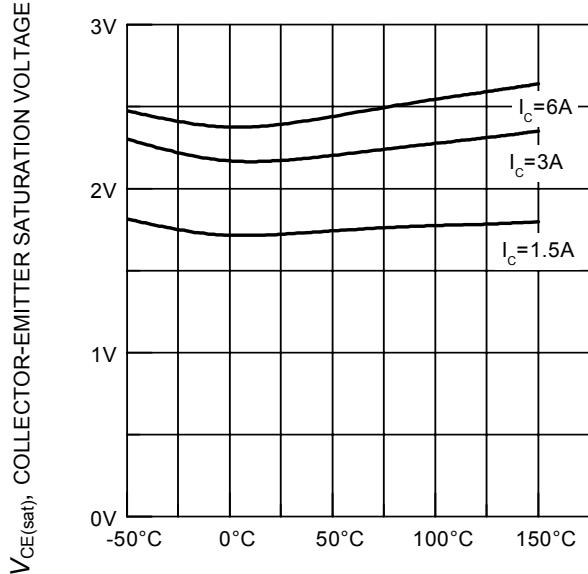
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)



V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)



T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

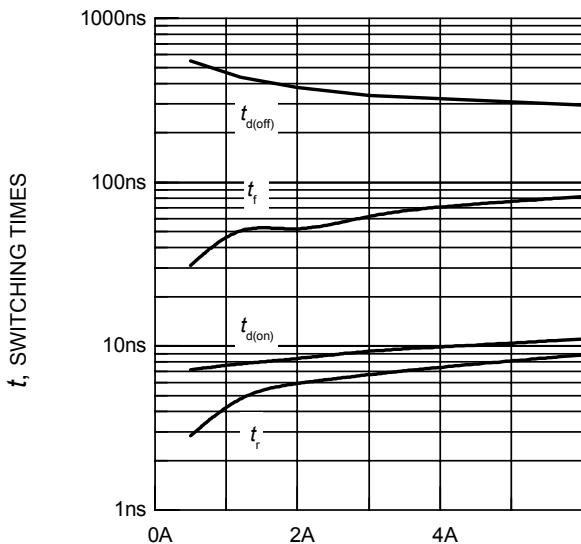


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

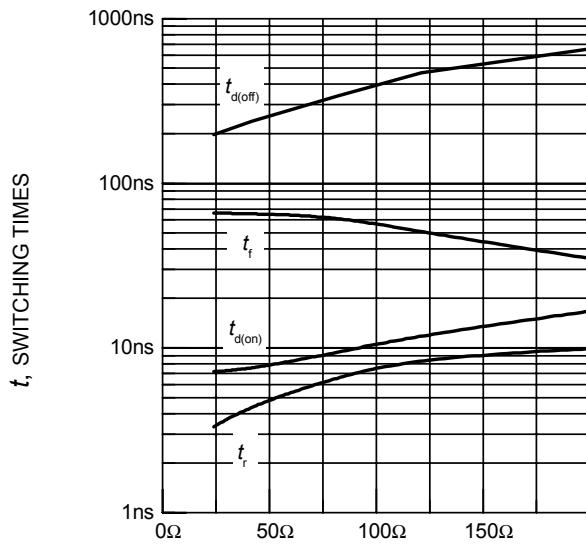


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

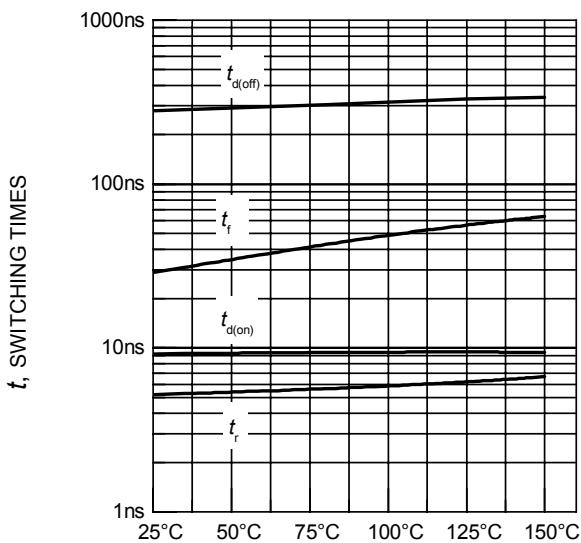


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

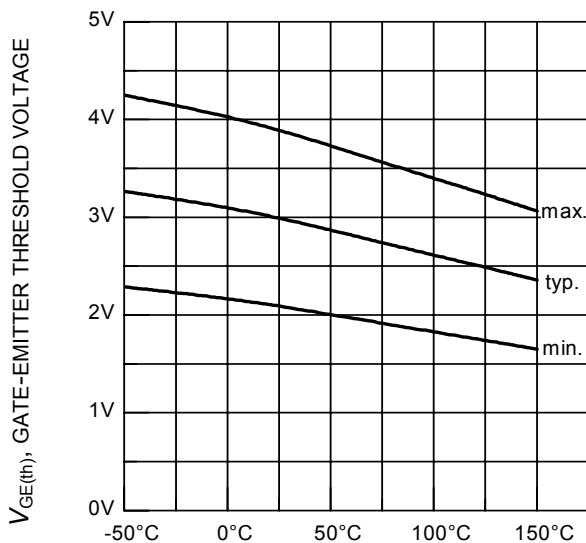


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
($I_C = 0.09\text{mA}$)

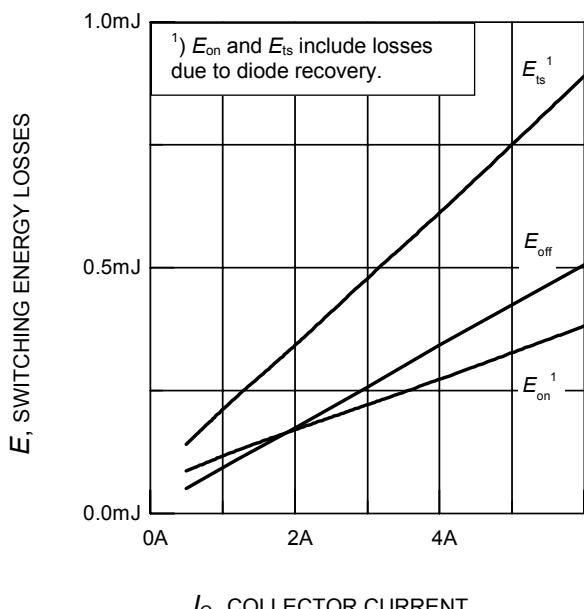


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{\text{CE}} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

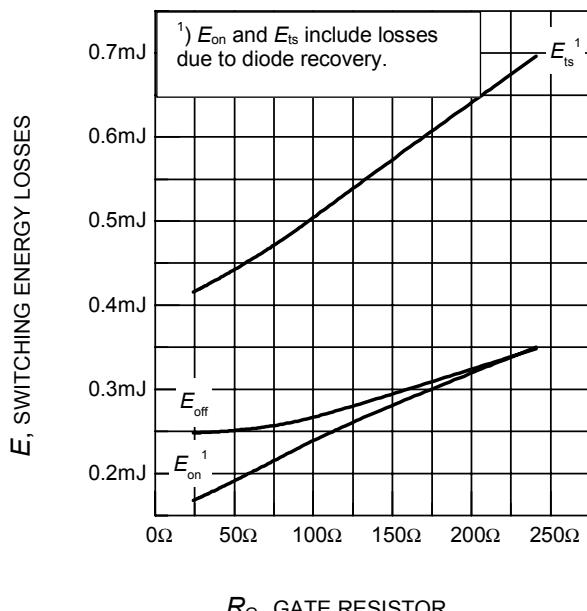


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{\text{CE}} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

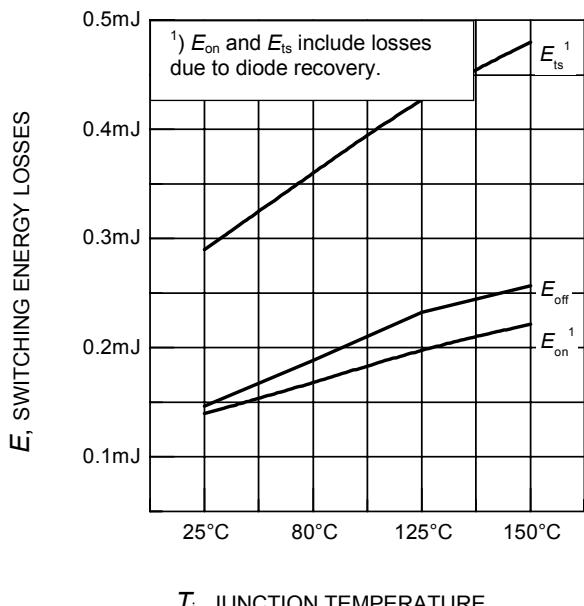


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{\text{CE}} = 800\text{V}$,
 $V_{\text{GE}} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 3\text{A}$, $R_G = 82\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

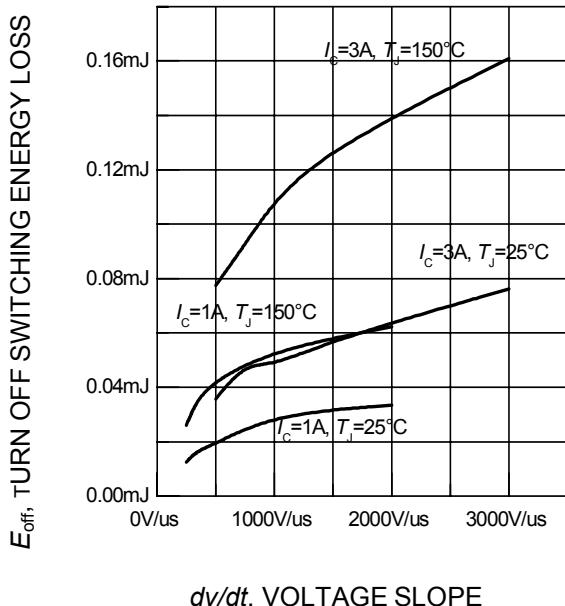
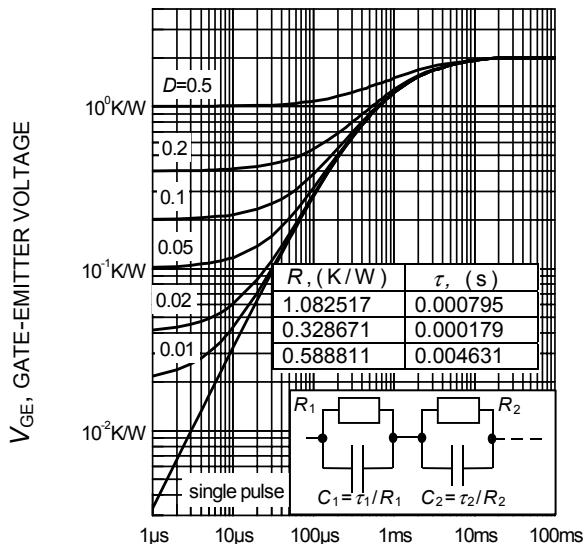
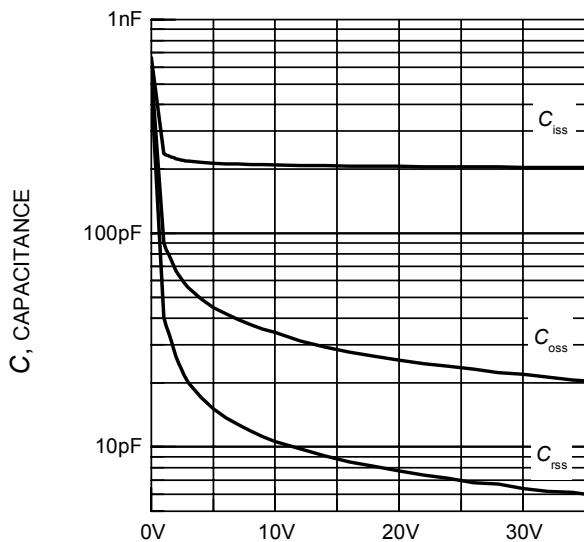


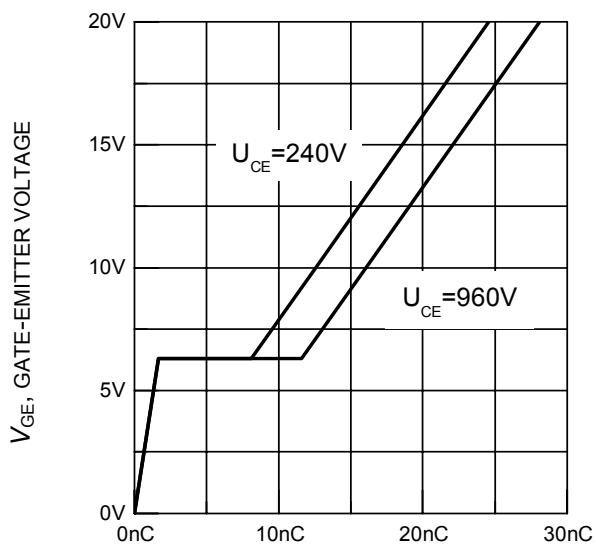
Figure 16. Typical turn off switching energy loss for soft switching
(dynamic test circuit in Fig. E)



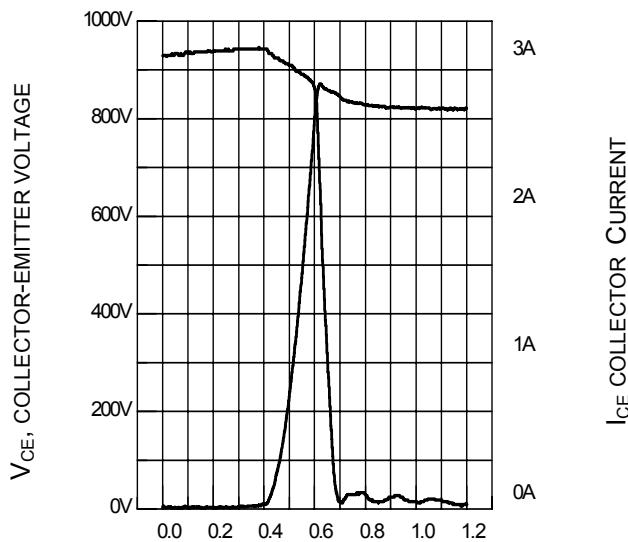
Q_{GE} , GATE CHARGE
Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 3\text{A}$)



V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$)



Q_{GE} , GATE CHARGE
Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 3\text{A}$)



t_p , PULSE WIDTH
Figure 20. Typical turn off behavior, hard switching
($V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $R_G=82\Omega$, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

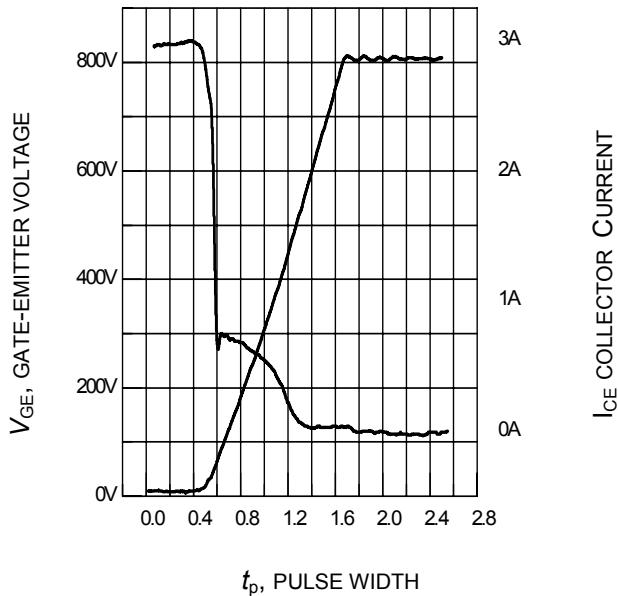


Figure 21. Typical turn off behavior, soft switching
 $(V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}, R_G=82\Omega, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

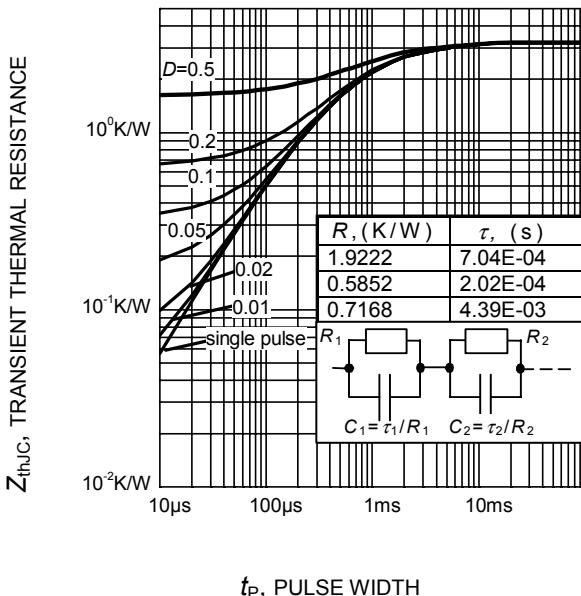


Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ($D=t_p/T$)

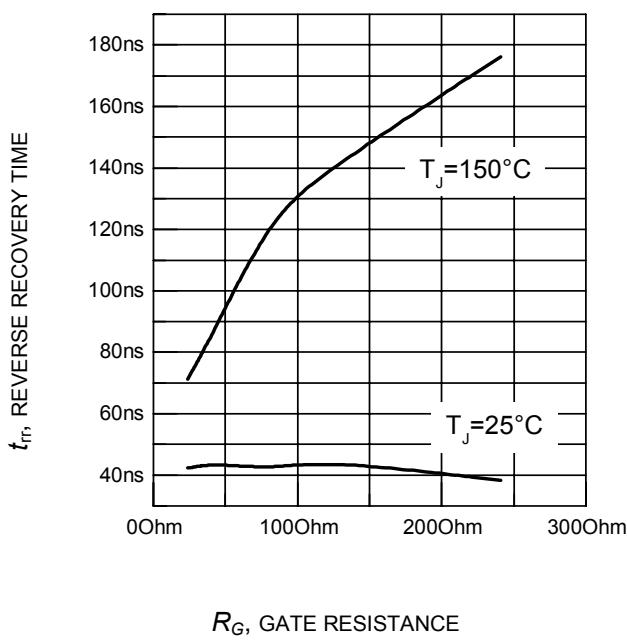


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
 $(V_R=800\text{V}, I_F=3\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

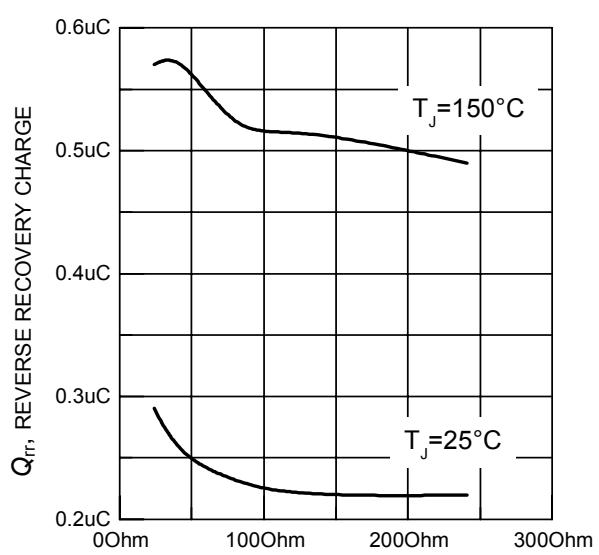
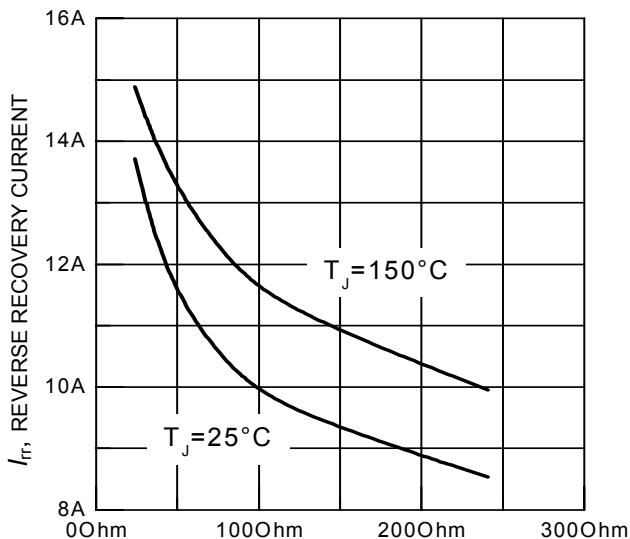


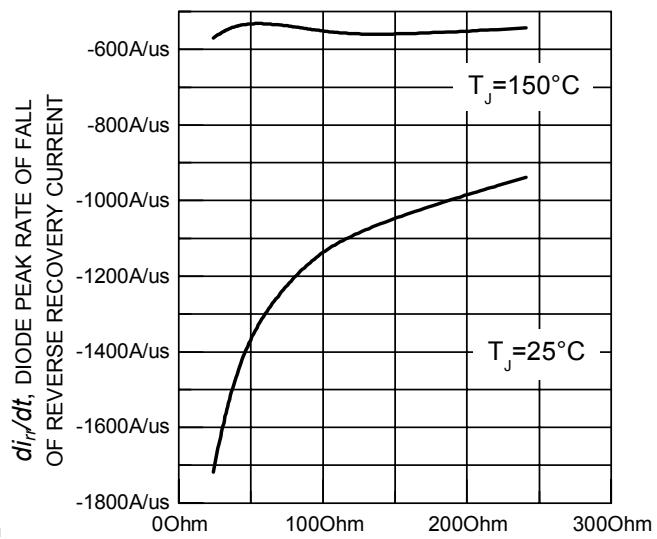
Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
 $(V_R=800\text{V}, I_F=3\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



R_G , GATE RESISTANCE

Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

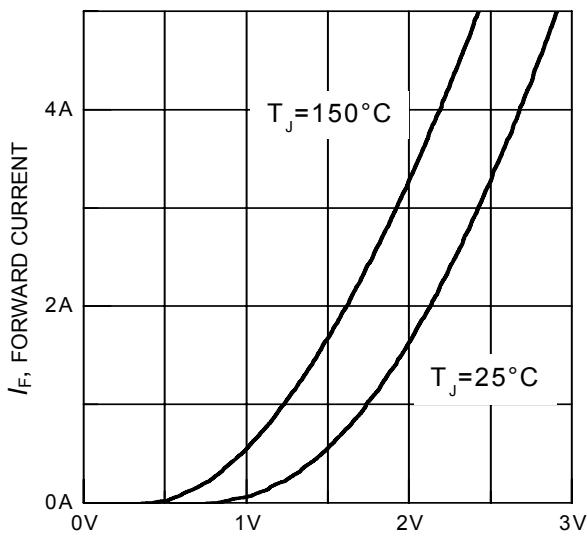
($V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=3\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



R_G , GATE RESISTANCE

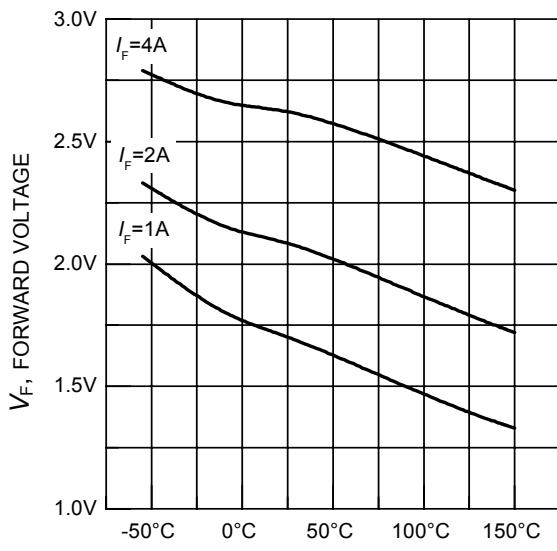
Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

($V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=3\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



V_F , FORWARD VOLTAGE

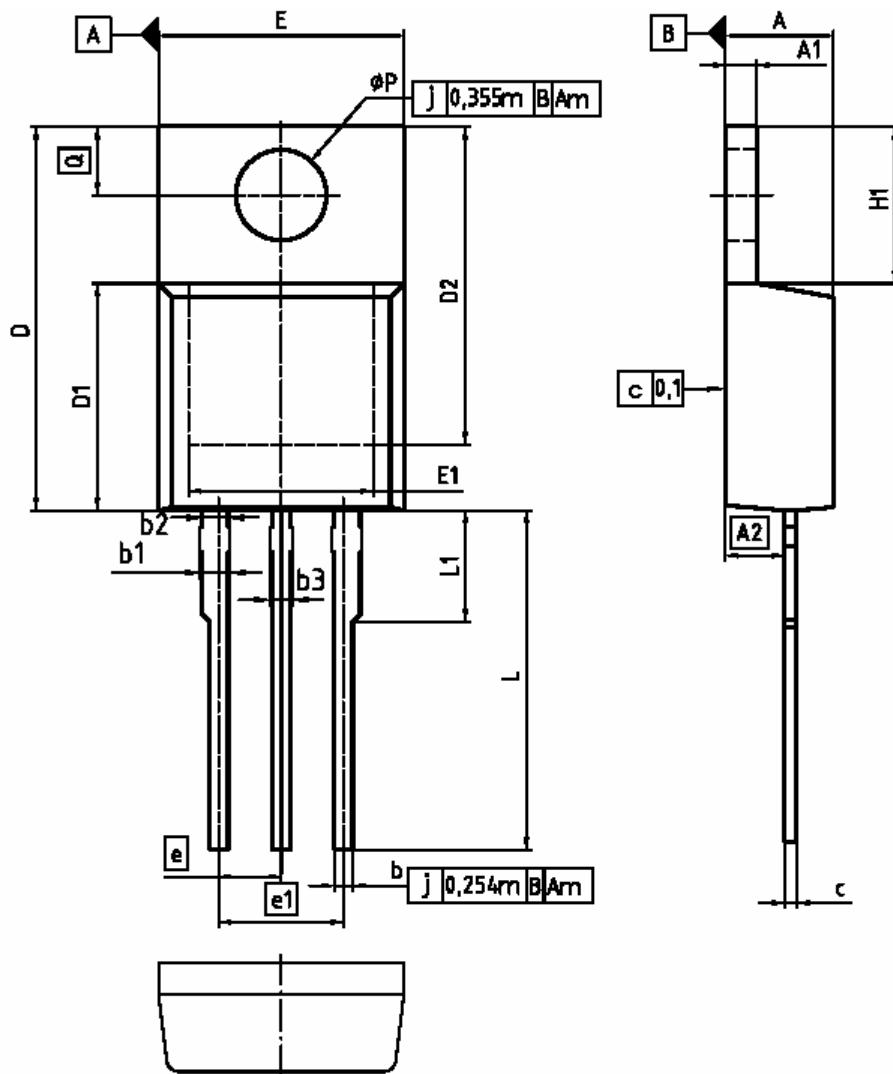
Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage



T_J , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

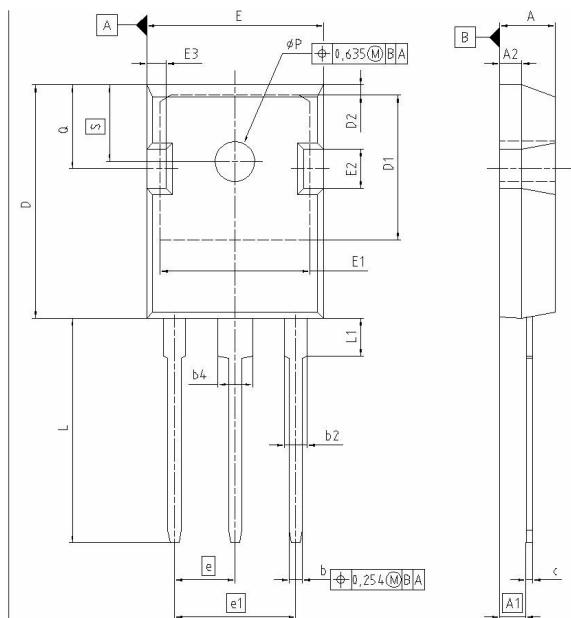
PG-T0220-3-1



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.67	0.169	0.180
A1	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
A2	2.15	2.72	0.085	0.107
b	0.85	0.86	0.033	0.034
b1	0.95	1.40	0.037	0.056
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
b3	0.85	1.15	0.033	0.046
c	0.38	0.80	0.015	0.032
D	14.81	15.95	0.583	0.628
D1	8.61	9.45	0.336	0.372
D2	12.19	13.10	0.480	0.518
E	9.70	10.36	0.382	0.408
E1	6.60	8.60	0.266	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H1	5.90	6.90	0.232	0.272
L	13.00	14.00	0.512	0.551
L1	-	4.90	-	0.189
ϕP	3.80	3.88	0.142	0.153
Q	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118

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EUROPEAN PROJECTION
ISSUE DATE
23-08-2007
REVISION
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PG-T0247-3-21



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.903	5.157	0.193	0.203
A1	2.273	2.527	0.092	0.096
A2	1.853	2.107	0.075	0.081
b	1.073	1.327	0.047	0.052
b2	1.903	2.386	0.075	0.094
b4	2.870	3.454	0.113	0.136
c	0.549	0.752	0.024	0.030
D	20.823	21.077	0.820	0.830
D1	17.323	17.831	0.682	0.702
D2	1.063	1.317	0.042	0.052
E	15.773	16.027	0.621	0.631
E1	13.893	14.147	0.547	0.557
E2	3.683	3.937	0.145	0.155
E3	1.683	1.937	0.066	0.076
e	5.450		0.215	
e1	10.900		0.430	
N	3		3	
L	20.053	20.307	0.789	0.799
L1	4.168	4.472	0.164	0.176
P	3.559	3.661	0.140	0.144
Q	5.493	5.747	0.216	0.226
S	6.043	6.297	0.238	0.248

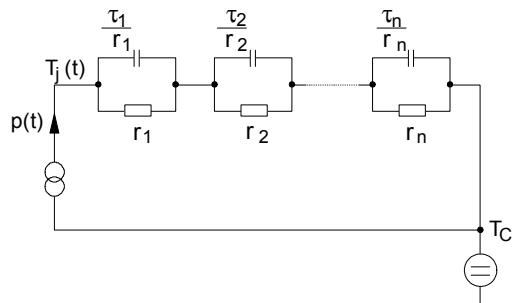
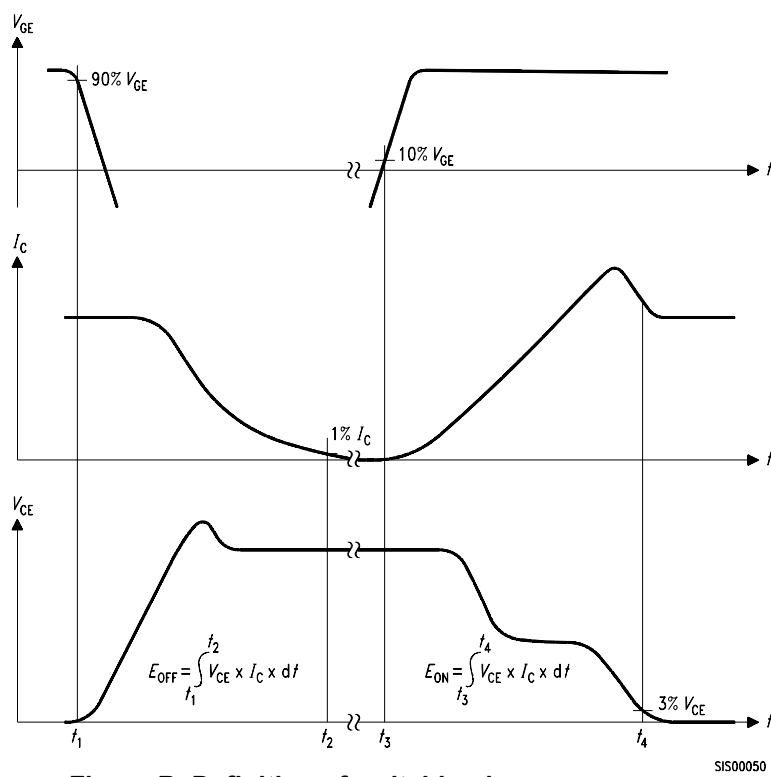
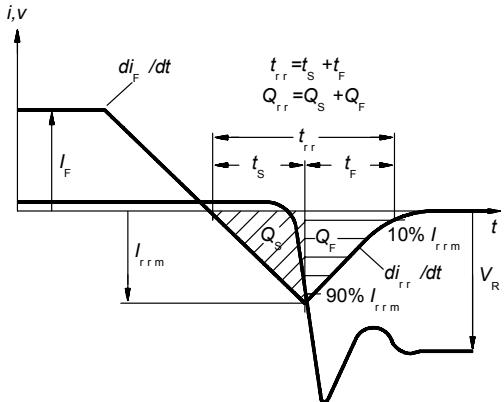
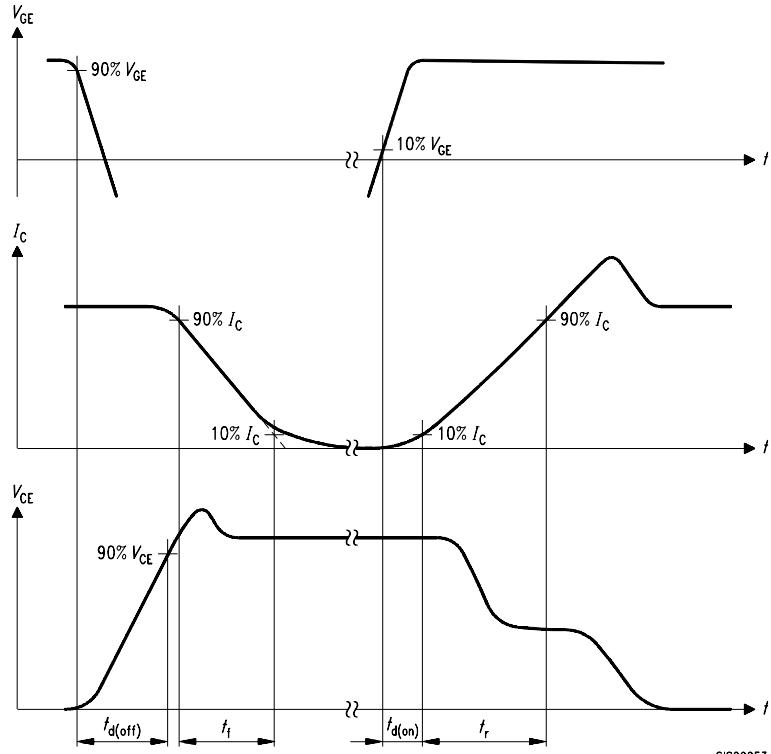


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

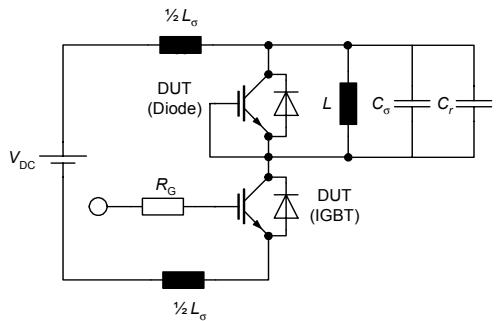


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$,
Stray capacitor $C_\sigma = 40\text{pF}$,
Relief capacitor $C_r = 4\text{nF}$ (only for ZVT switching)

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